

Anston & Woodsetts Ward



www.rotherham.gov.uk

Ward location



Ward profiles - introduction

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

Please select a ward from the options below to view data relating to that ward.

Select a ward

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Anston & Woodsetts... | Maltby East Ward |
| Aston & Todwick Ward | Rawmarsh East Ward |
| Aughton & Swallown... | Rawmarsh West Ward |
| Boston Castle Ward | Rother Vale Ward |
| Bramley & Ravenfiel... | Rotherham East Ward |
| Brinsworth Ward | Rotherham West Wa... |
| Dalton & Thrybergh ... | Sitwell Ward |
| Dinnington Ward | Swinton Rockingha... |
| Greasbrough Ward | Thurcroft & Wickersl... |
| Hellaby & Maltby W... | Wales Ward |
| Hooper Ward | Wath Ward |
| Keppel Ward | Wickersley North W... |
| Kilnhurst & Swinton ... | |

Ward location



Description

Anston and Woodsetts lies in the south east of Rotherham Borough, with a population of 11,996 (2021 census). The ward is represented by three members of the Council. The ward contains the villages of North Anston, South Anston, Thorpe Salvin and Woodsetts. The ward is served by four parish councils. The parish of North and South Anston has a population of 9,271 and forms part of a larger urban area with neighbouring Dinnington. The village of Thorpe Salvin in the south has a rural parish with a population of 466. Woodsetts is a village and rural parish of 1,695 people in the east of the ward. The Park Avenue ward of Dinnington parish is also situated in Anston and Woodsetts. Suburban housing predominates and is popular with commuters. Although there are deprived pockets including North Anston, the ward is one of the least deprived in Rotherham.

Contents

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Rotherham context

Rotherham is one of four metropolitan boroughs in South Yorkshire. It is divided into 25 wards covering a wide range of urban, suburban and rural areas.

Rotherham's population of 266,200 (Census 2021) mostly live in urban areas, however 70% of Rotherham Borough is open countryside.

The 25 ward profiles contain data from a range of sources to enable a greater understanding of the individual local areas. The documents are available as a downloadable and printer friendly version (pdf.) and also via the online interactive tool located within the 'Community and Neighbourhoods' section of the Rotherham Data Hub - www.rotherham.gov.uk/data

The information is divided up into a number of sections, containing data relating to topic areas such as demographics, education, and health and wellbeing.

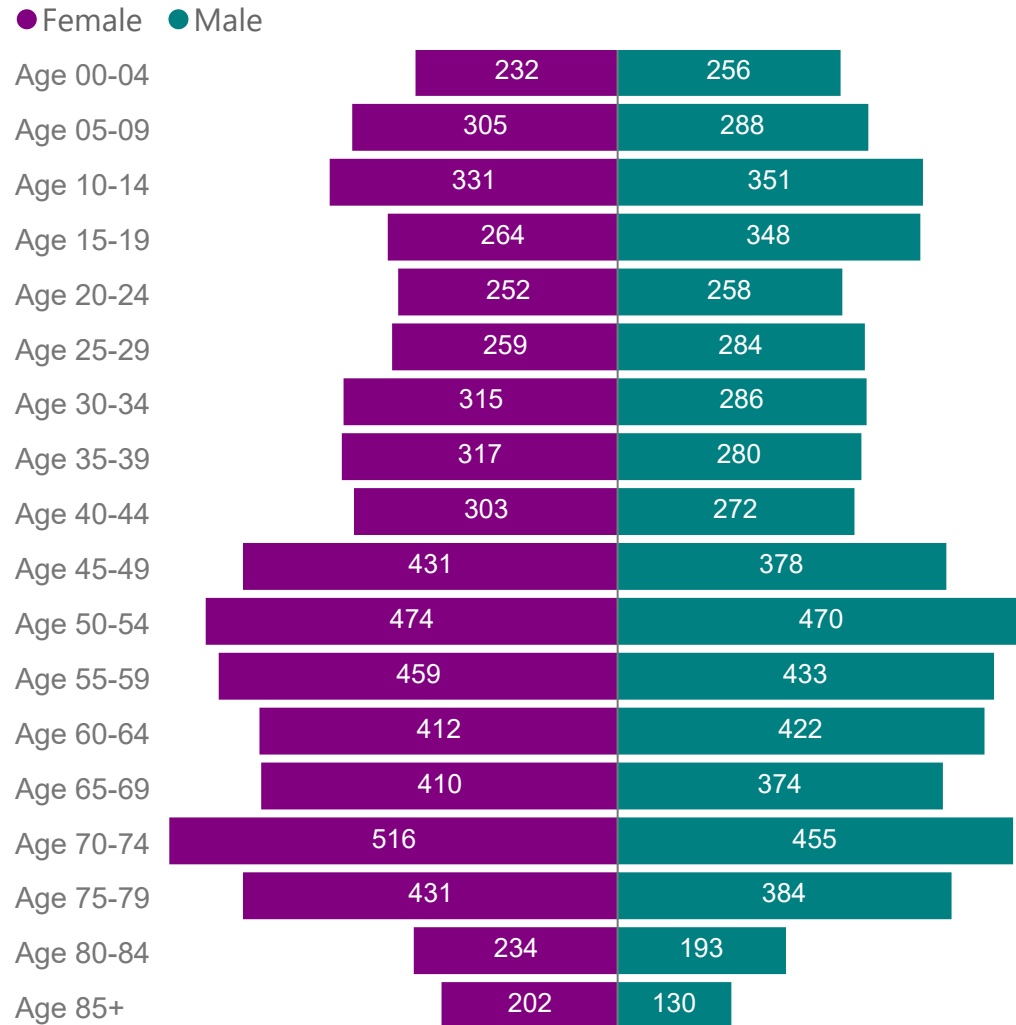
Section number	Contents
1: DEMOGRAPHICS	Information on the population make up of the ward, including age breakdown, ethnicity and religion (Census 2021)
2: HOUSING & HOUSEHOLDS	Information on housing tenure, types of dwellings and household composition and size (Census 2021)
3: EMPLOYMENT & CLAIMANT COUNT	Data on unemployment claimants aged 16-64 and types of employment within the ward
4: HEALTH & WELLBEING	General health and disability data (Census 2021). Data on life expectancy, death rates and weight measurements of children
5: EDUCATION	Highest level of education (Census 2021). The KS2 and KS4 education outcomes for children
6: DEPRIVATION	Information on the overall IMD rank and two of its subsets
7: COMMUNITY ASSETS	Map showing the location and number of community assets located in (or near) the ward
8: ENVIRONMENT	Information on accessibility to open and green space in the ward (according to the Green Space Index 2023)
9. CRIME	Data showing recorded crime and anti-social behaviour statistics for the ward

Population (age breakdown)

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Ward population by age group and gender (Census 2021)



Anston & Woodsetts Ward

11996	1033	9.40
Total population 2021	Change from 2011	% change from 2011

Population description

The population of Anston and Woodsetts ward has increased by almost 10% since 2011, a much higher rate than the overall borough population increase. The age structure of the population is older than the Rotherham average, with the percentage aged 65+ being significantly above average.

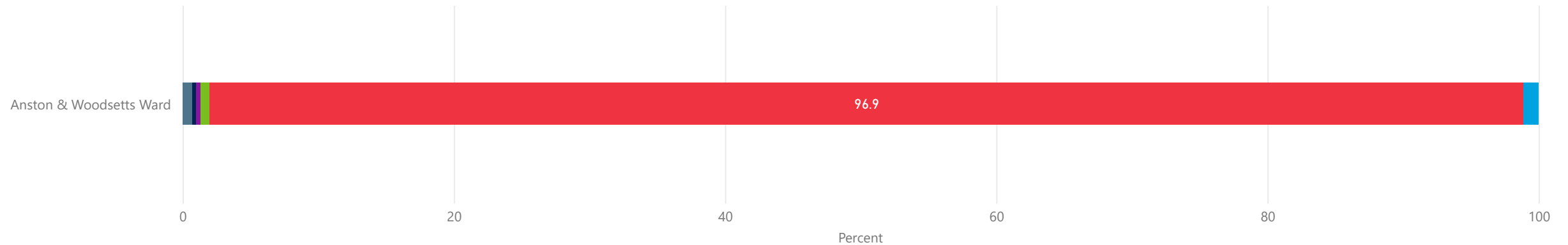
Age	Ward Population	Ward Percentage	Rotherham Percentage
Age 00-15	1894	15.79	18.89
Age 16-24	982	8.19	9.60
Age 25-44	2316	19.31	25.09
Age 45-64	3479	29.00	26.76
Age 65+	3325	27.72	19.66
Total	11996	100.00	100.00

Data source

Census 2021, Office for National Statistics.
Data is updated every 10 years.

Ethnicity of ward residents (Census 2021)

● Asian/Asian British ● Black/black British ● Other ● Mixed/multiple ● White British ● White Other



Ward ethnicity

Anston and Woodsetts is the second least ethnically diverse ward in Rotherham. It is among the 80% of wards where the white British population exceeds 90%, and the 60% of wards where the 2020 School and Pupil Census shows white British school age population exceeding 90%.

Data source

[TS021 - Ethnic group - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics \(nomisweb.co.uk\)](https://nomisweb.co.uk)

Data is updated every 10 years.

Ethnicity	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
White British	96.90	88.30	74.70
Asian/Asian British	0.70	5.30	9.60
White Other	1.10	2.80	6.30
Mixed/multiple	0.70	1.40	3.00
Black/Black British	0.30	1.10	4.20
Other	0.30	1.10	2.20

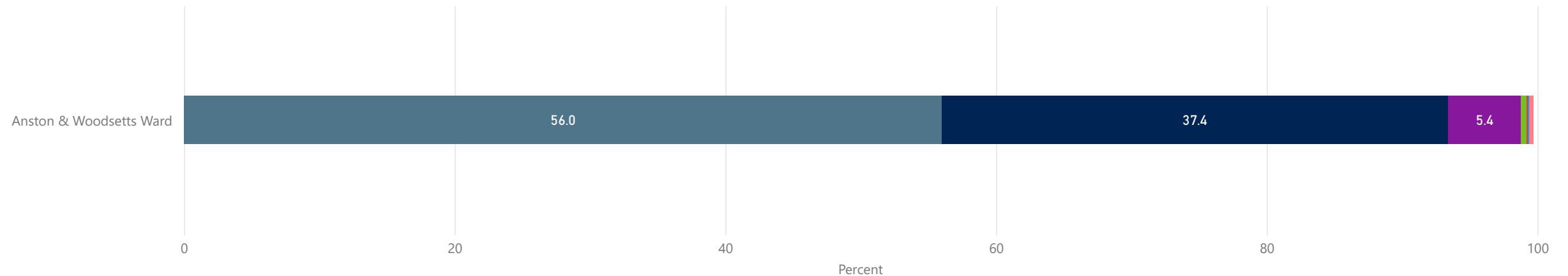
Religion

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Religion of ward residents (Census 2021)

● Christian % ● No religion % ● Not answered % ● Muslim % ● Buddhist % ● Hindu % ● Jewish % ● Other religion %



Religion key findings

The largest religion within the ward is Christian, which accounts for 56% of the ward population. This is followed by no religion which accounts for 37.4% of the ward population.

Data source

[TS030 - Religion - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics](https://www.nomisweb.co.uk)

([nomisweb.co.uk](https://www.nomisweb.co.uk))

Data is updated every 10 years.

Religion	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
Buddhist	0.10	0.20	0.50
Christian	56.00	49.00	46.30
Hindu	0.10	0.30	1.80
Jewish	0.00	0.00	0.50
Muslim	0.40	5.10	6.70
No religion	37.40	39.80	36.70
Not answered	5.40	5.20	6.00
Other religion	0.30	0.40	0.60
Sikh	0.10	0.20	0.90

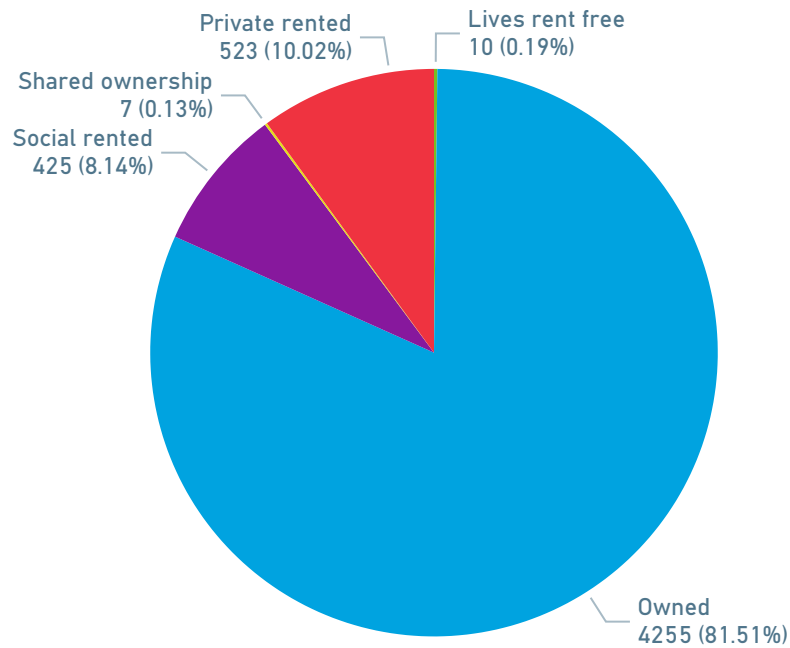
Housing

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Ward tenure (2021 Census)

● Lives rent free
 ● Owned
 ● Social rented
 ● Shared ownership
 ● Private rented



Data source

TS054 - Housing Tenure - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk).

Data is updated every 10 years.

Dwellings

Anston & Woodsetts Ward

5396

Total dwellings (2021 Census)

4632

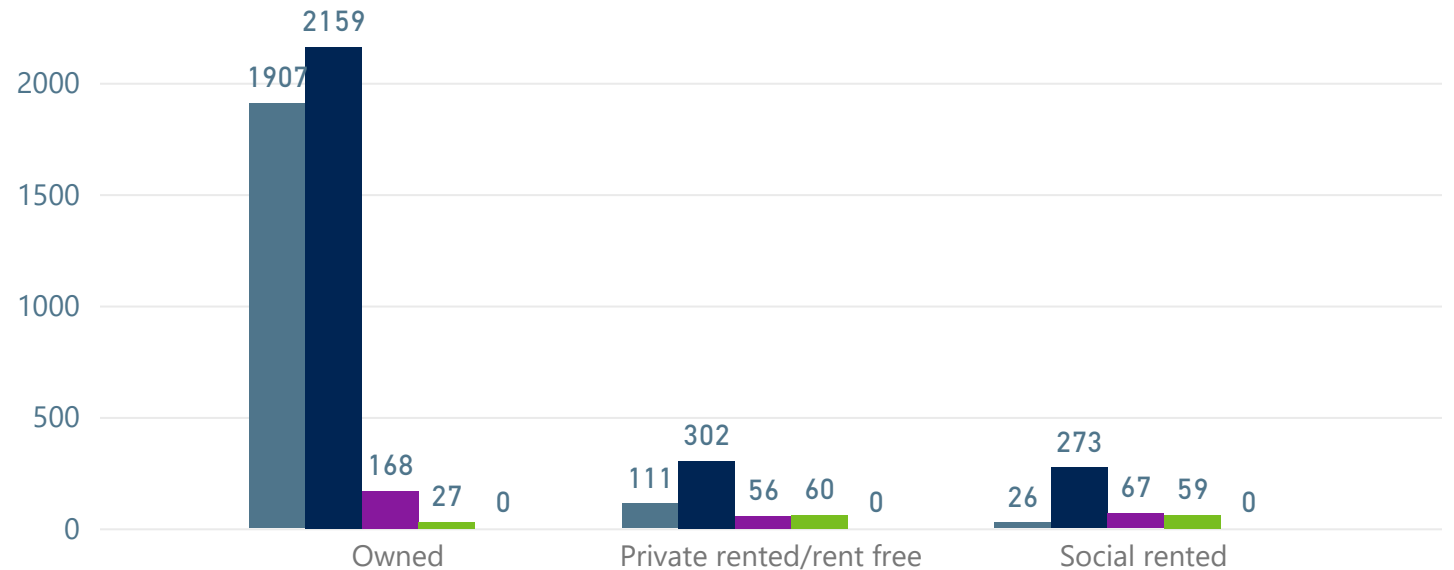
Total dwellings (2011 Census)

16.50

Change since 2011 (%)

Types of property in the ward by tenure (Census 2021)

● Detached
 ● Semi-detached
 ● Terraced
 ● Flat
 ● Mobile or temp structure



Households

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Number of households

Anston & Woodsetts Ward

5218	4632	12.70
Households (2021 Census)	Households (2011 Census)	Change since 2011 (%)

Population Density (no. of residents per square Kilometre) 2021 Census

Anston & Woodsetts Ward

429.40	927.70
Ward	Rotherham

Household composition in ward

● Single family household % ● One person household % ● Other household types %



Data source

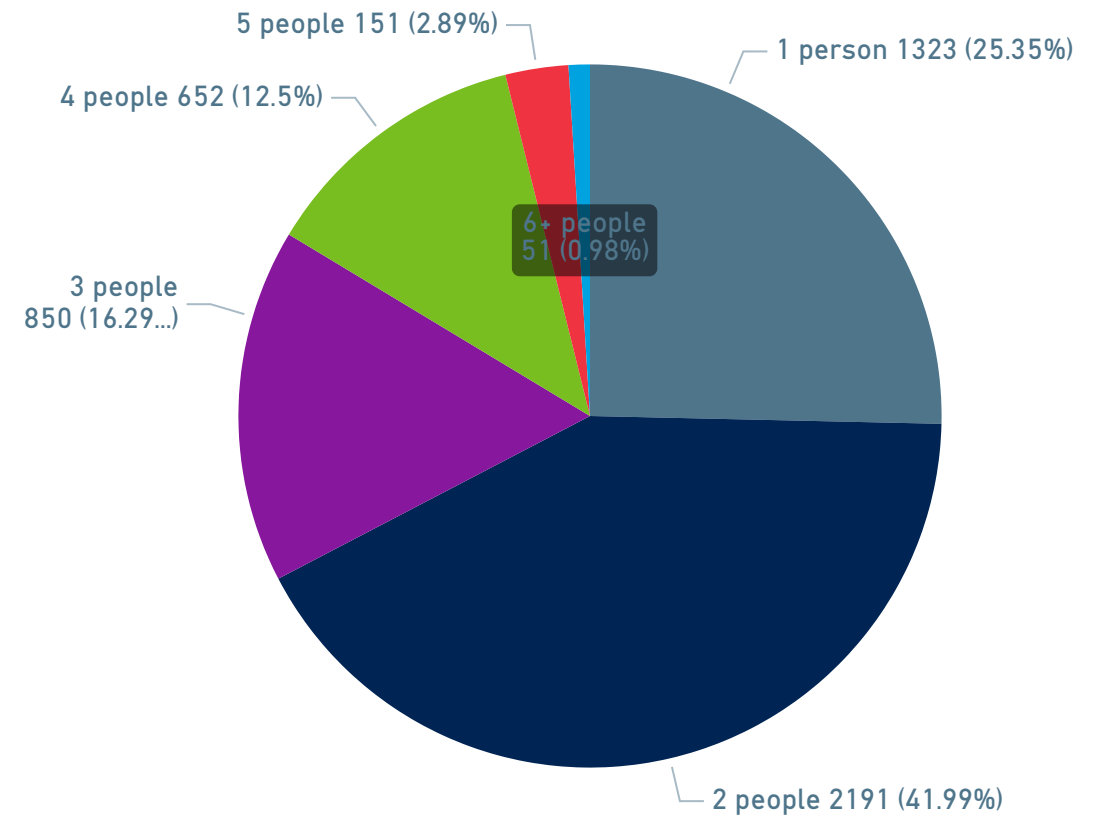
[TS003 - Household Composition - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics](#)

[TS017 - Household Size - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics](#)

Data is updated every 10 years.

Ward household size (2021 Census)

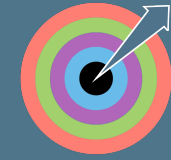
● 1 person ● 2 people ● 3 people ● 4 people ● 5 people ● 6+ people





Unemployment claimants aged 16 to 64

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Rotherham Data Hub

Unemployment Claimant Count measures the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits, such as jobseeker's allowance or universal credit claimants. Whilst it does not represent all of those that are out of work (as some people who are not working will not be claiming any benefits) it provides a useful indication of unemployment levels and the state of the local labour market.

Claimant count July 2023

6960	140
Rotherham	Ward

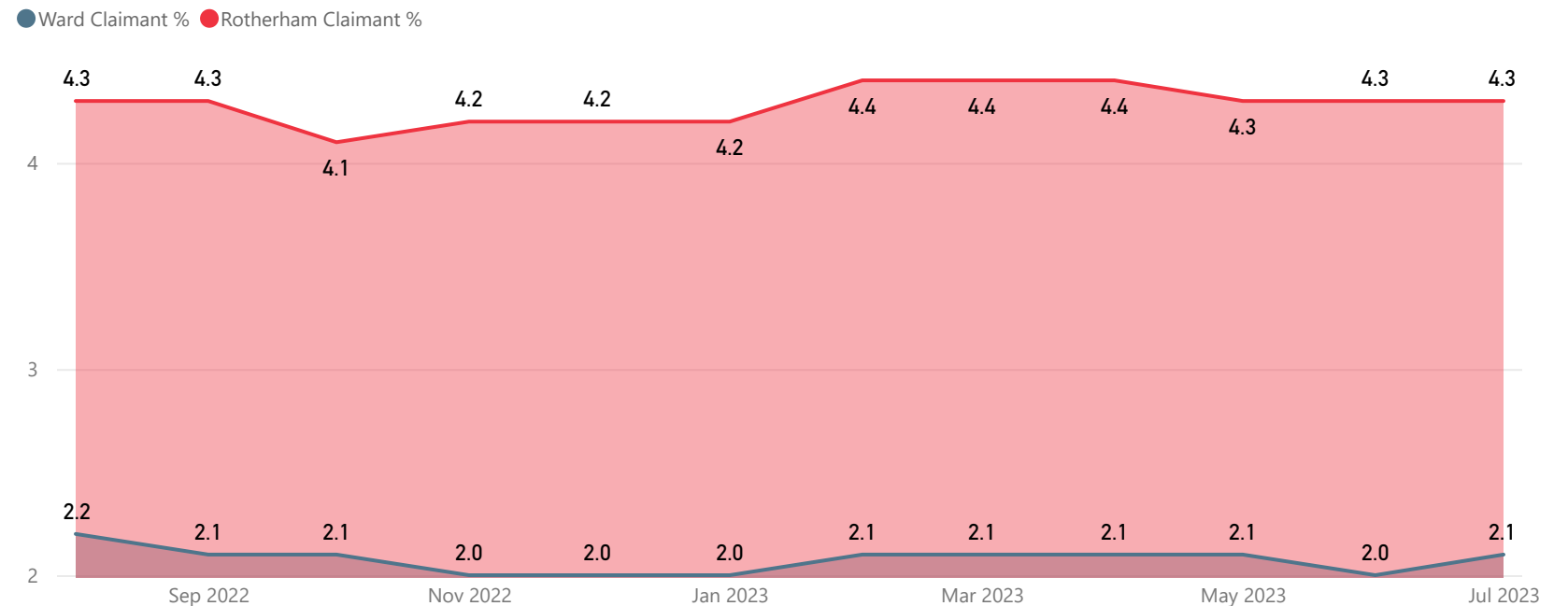
Key findings

In Anston & Woodsetts ward the total claimant count in July 2023 is 140, which is 2.1% of the working age population. This is lower than the Rotherham average where the claimant count is 4.3% of the working age population.

Ward rank - by percentage of claimants (where 1 is worst and 25 is best)



Claimant percentage of working age population, Ward & Rotherham August 2022-July 2023



Data source

[Office for National Statistics claimant count - via NOMIS](#)

Data updated monthly.



Types of employment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The table (right) shows the number of employment opportunities (employees) located within the ward, according to their broad industrial group, together with the percentage of those employed by broad industrial group in the ward, and the Rotherham average percentage of those employed by broad industrial group. This data is taken from the 2021 Census.

Key findings

Anston and Woodsetts has a high proportion of local employment in manufacturing, health and transport. The proportion of employment in the public sector is well below average. Employment levels in the ward depend on opportunities elsewhere as local jobs are only sufficient for 28% of local workers

Data source

[Business Register and Employment Survey - NOMIS](#)

Data updated annually

Type of Employment	No. of employees in ward	Ward percentage	Rotherham average percentage
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	0	0.00	0.04
Property	0	0.00	0.54
Public administration & defence	0	0.00	5.66
Information & communication	10	0.57	1.71
Financial & insurance	30	1.70	1.78
Mining, quarrying & utilities	50	2.84	1.59
Professional, scientific & technical	65	3.69	3.03
Wholesale	85	4.83	3.92
Construction	90	5.11	7.69
Accommodation & food services	95	5.40	6.63
Education	95	5.40	8.71
Retail	105	5.97	9.19
Arts, entertainment, recreation & other services	110	6.25	3.09
Business administration & support services	115	6.53	8.57
Motor trades	165	9.38	2.62
Transport & storage (inc postal)	200	11.36	5.52
Health	250	14.20	15.23
Manufacturing	295	16.76	14.50
Total	1760	100.00	100.00

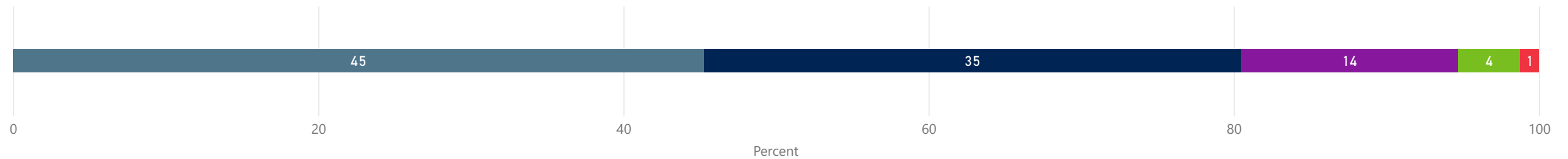
General health

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Ward general health as a percentage of the ward population

● Very good health ● Good health ● Fair health ● Bad health ● Very bad health

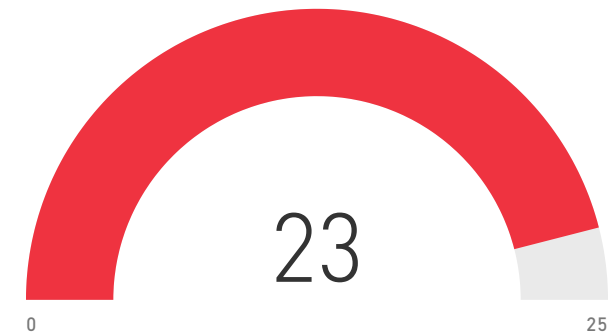


In Census 2021, respondents were asked to assess their general health on a five-point scale from 'very good' to 'very bad'. As Census 2021 took place during the COVID-19 pandemic, people may have been influenced in how they perceived and rated their health.

Good or very good health - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



Bad or very bad health - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is worst and 25 is best



Key findings

In Anston & Woodsetts 45.3% are in very good health, and 1.2% are in very bad health. In comparison, in Rotherham, 44.2% are in very good health and 1.6% are in very bad health.

Data source

[TS037 - General health - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics \(nomisweb.co.uk\)](#)

Data is updated every 10 years.

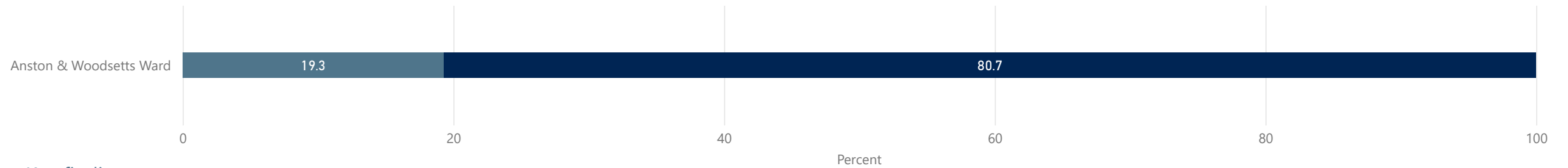
Disability

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



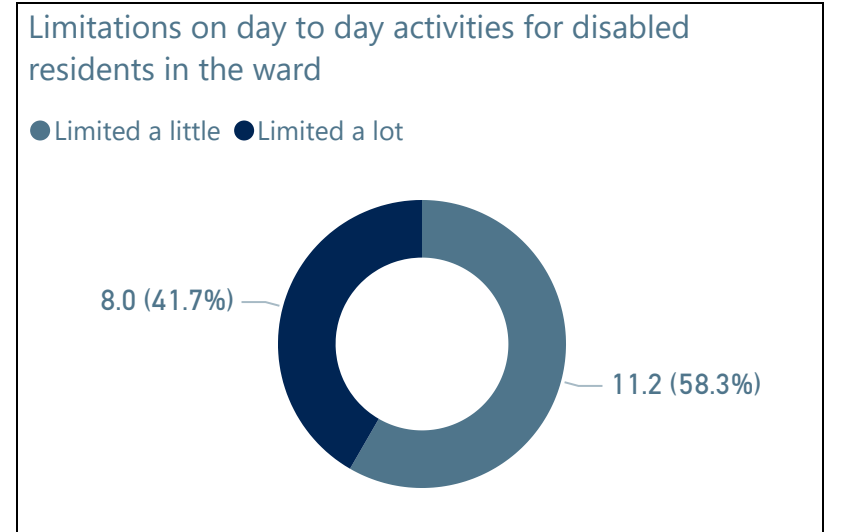
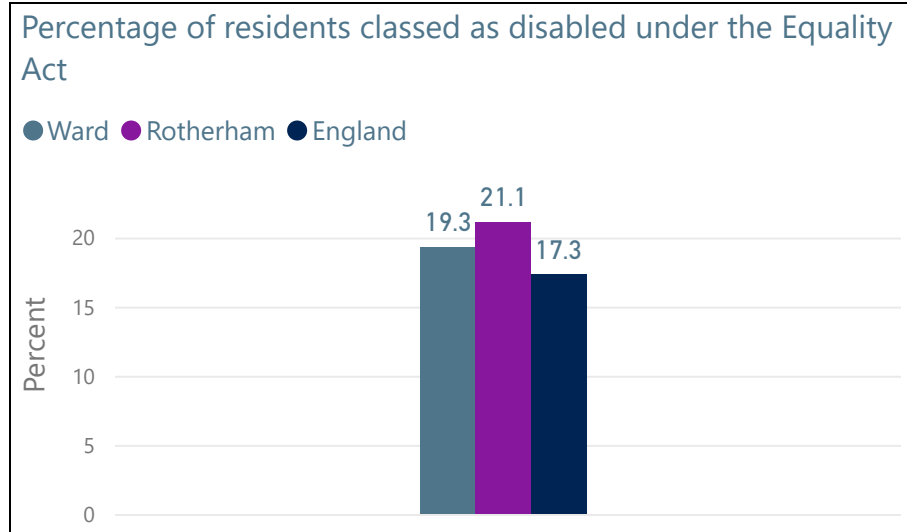
Ward population considered disabled/not disabled under the Equality Act 2010 (%)

● Ward disabled under the Equality Act ● Ward not disabled under the Equality Act



Key findings

According to Census 2021, in Anston & Woodsetts ward, 19.3% of the population are considered to be disabled under the Equality Act 2010, compared to 21.1% in Rotherham and 17.3% in England.



Data Source

[TS038 - Disability - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics](#)

Data updated every 10 years.

The definition of disability in Census 2021 was: People who assessed their day to day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions of illnesses are considered disabled. Thus definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

Life expectancy at birth

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years a person living in a particular area would expect to live based on modern mortality rates in that area. It is a measure of the average length of life and the the best overarching indicator of the health of the population.

Liife expectancy in Rotherham is lower than the national average for men and women. Life expectancy can be impacted by a number of factors and in Rotherham lower life expectancy rates are driven by premature deaths due to respiratory diseases, causes considered preventable and circulatory diseases.

Male and female life expectancy, ward, Rotherham and England

83.10	78.70
Ward female	Ward male
81.30	77.60
Rotherham female	Rotherham male
83.20	79.50
England female	England male

2016-20
Time period

5 years
Time period range

Worse

Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

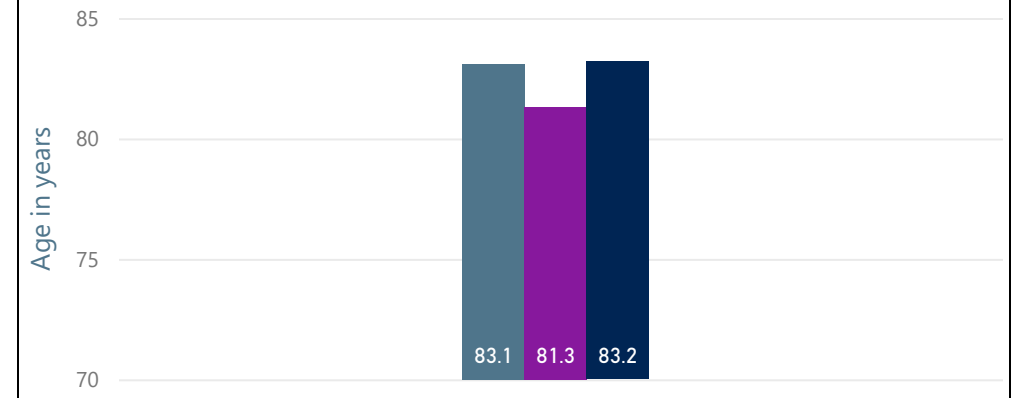
In the period 2016-2020, Anston & Woodsetts ward's life expectancy at birth for females is 83.1 years and for males is 78.7 years. This is worse than the England average. In comparison, Rotherham's life expectancy at birth for females is 81.3 years and for males is 77.6 years.

Data source

[Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID.](#)
Data is updated annually.

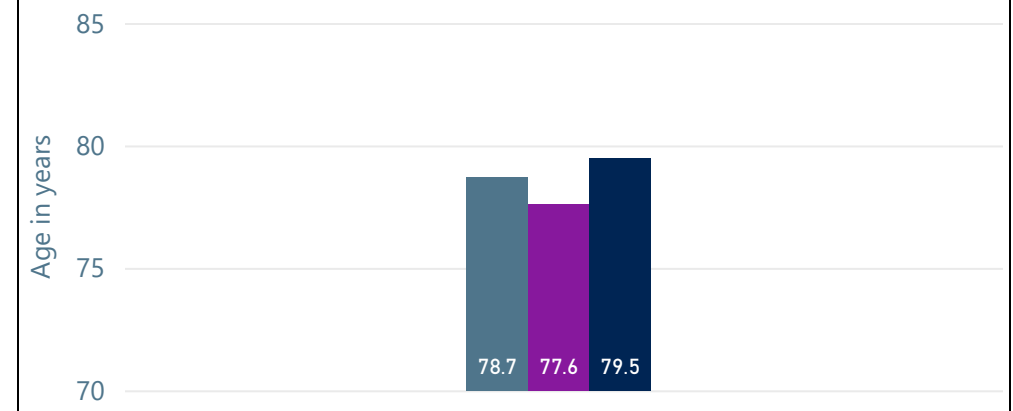
Female life expectancy at birth comparison

● Ward female ● Rotherham female ● England female



Male life expectancy at birth comparison

● Ward male ● Rotherham male ● England male



Causes of death - stroke

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The deaths from stroke (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from stroke for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall stroke burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20

Time period

5 years

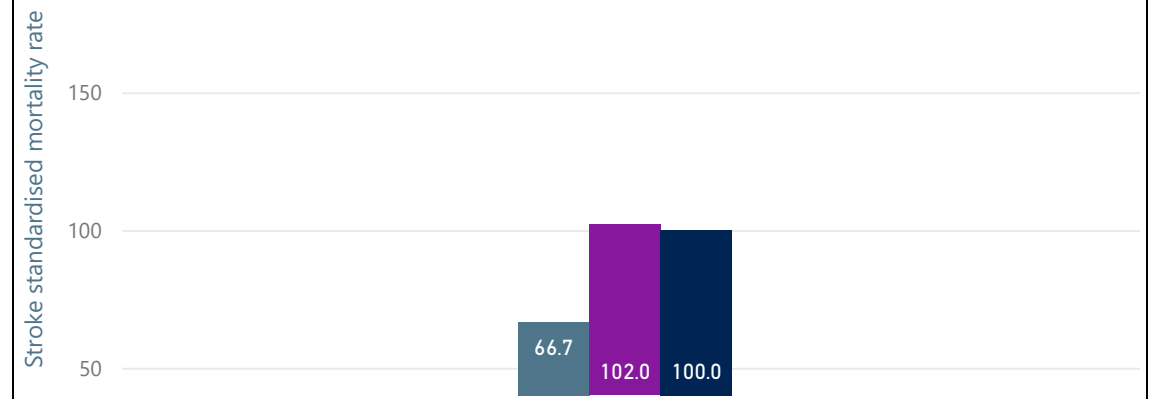
Time period range

Better

Ward better or worse than England
average

Deaths from stroke - standardised mortality rate

● Ward ● Rotherham ● England



Key findings

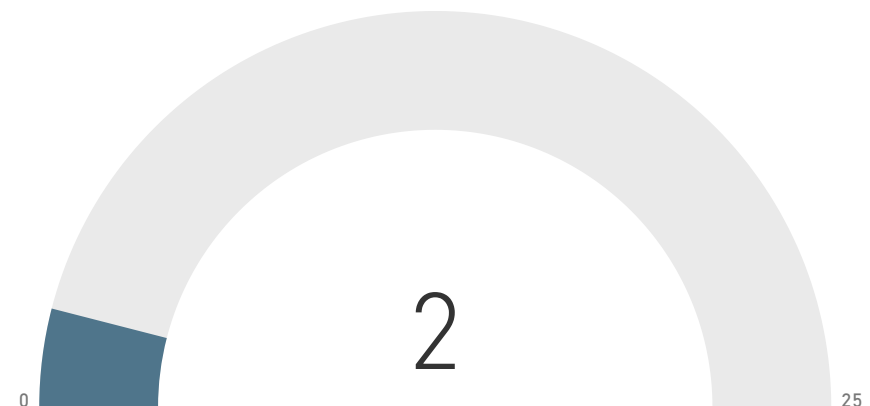
In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from strokes in Anston & Woodsetts ward is 66.7. This is better than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for stroke deaths in a Rotherham ward is 56.7 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 185.8 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source

[Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID](#)

Data is updated annually.

Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - respiratory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



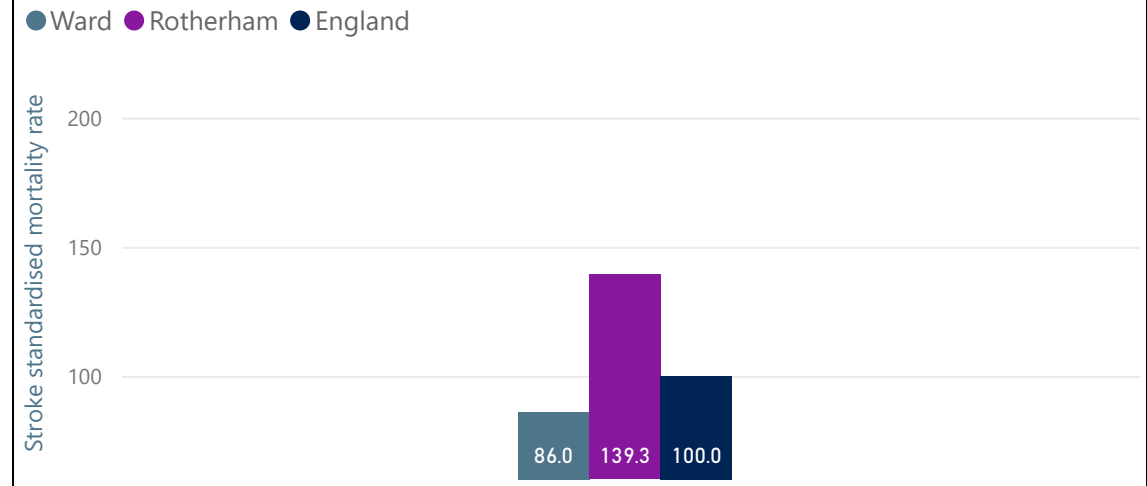
The deaths from respiratory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from respiratory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall respiratory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

Deaths from respiratory disease - standardised mortality rate



Similar

Ward better or worse than England average

2016-20	5 years
Time period	Time period range

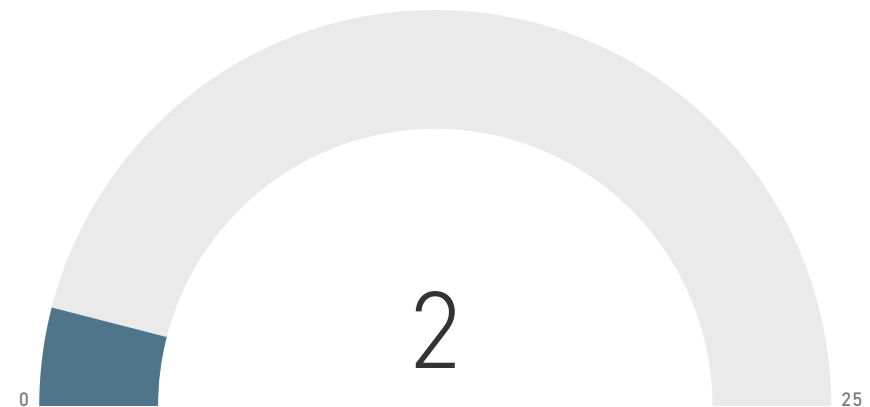
Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in Anston & Woodsetts ward is 86. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in a Rotherham ward is 79.9 in Bramley & Ravenfield ward and the highest ratio is 209.1 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source

[Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID](#)
Data updated annually.

Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - coronary heart disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The deaths from coronary heart disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from coronary heart disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall coronary heart disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20	5 years
Time period	Time period range

Similar

Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in Anston & Woodsetts ward is 99.7. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in a Rotherham ward is 76.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rotherham East ward.

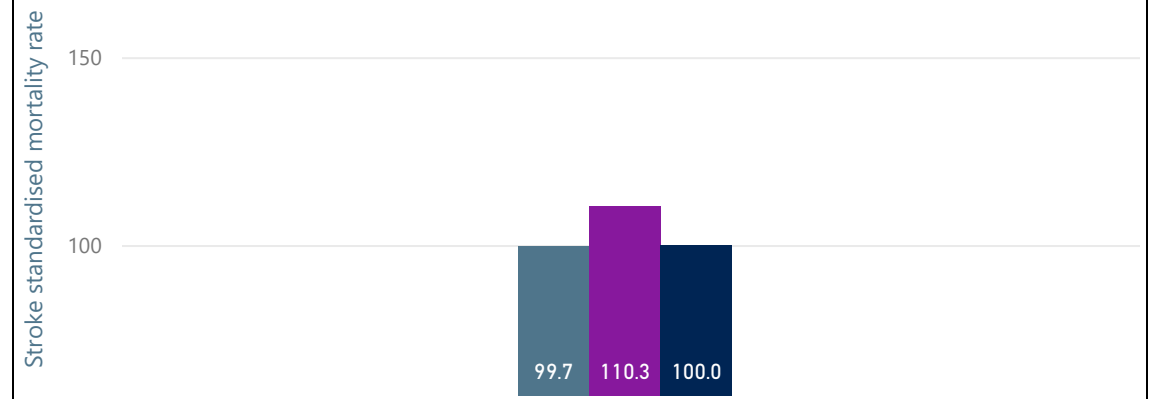
Data source

[Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID](#)

Data updated annually

Deaths from coronary heart disease - standardised mortality rate

● Ward ● Rotherham ● England



Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - circulatory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The deaths from circulatory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from circulatory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall circulatory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

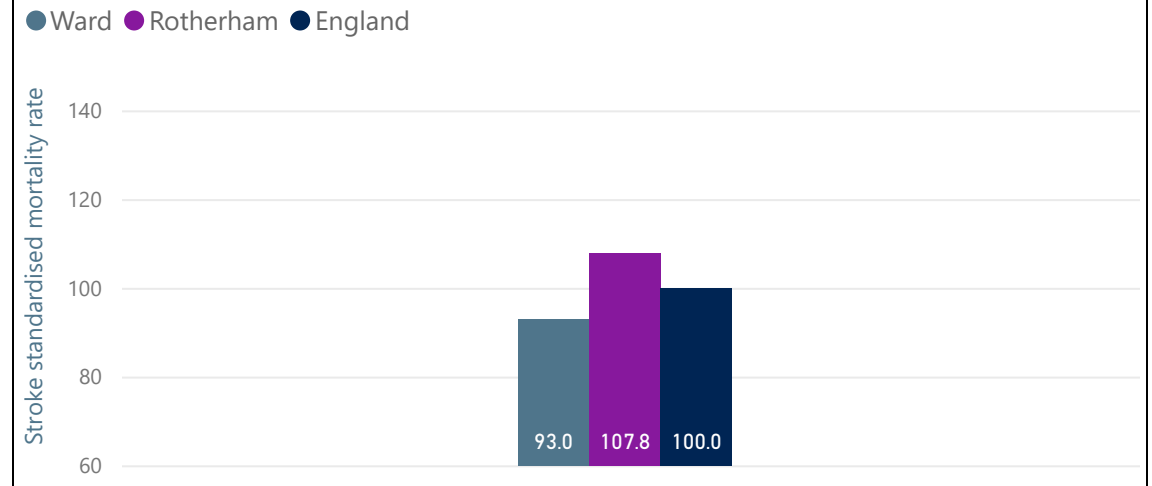
- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20	5 years
Time period	Time period range

Similar

Ward better or worse than England average

Deaths from circulatory disease - standardised mortality rate



Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in Anston & Woodsetts ward is 93. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in a Rotherham ward is 73.5 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 141.9 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source

[Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID](#)

Data updated annually

Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - cancer

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The deaths from cancer (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from cancer for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall cancer burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20

Time period

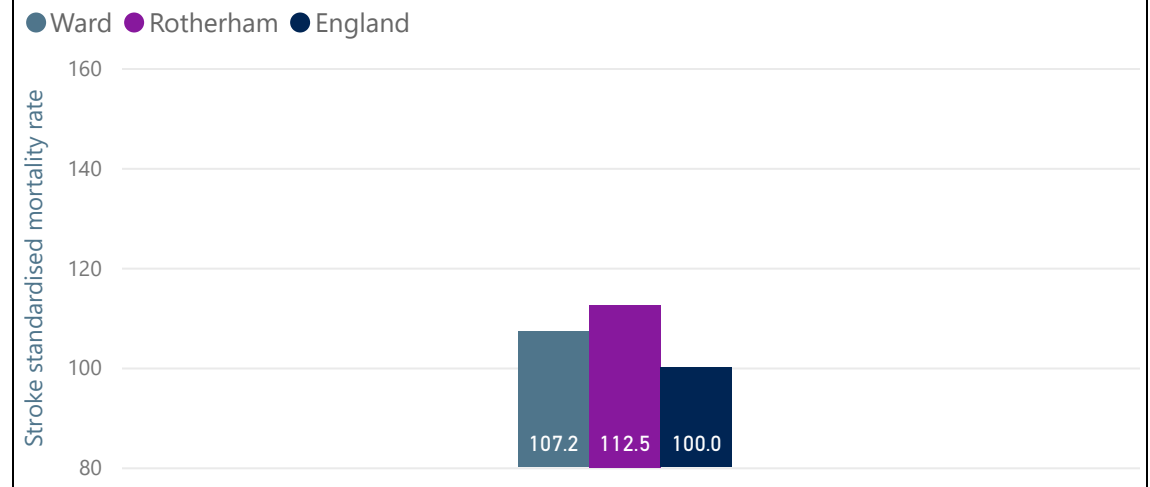
5 years

Time period range

Similar

Ward better or worse than England
average

Deaths from cancer - standardised mortality rate



Key findings

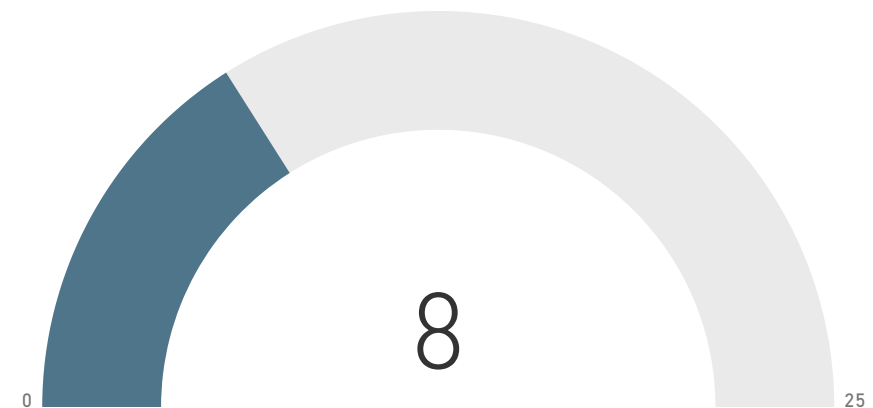
In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in Anston & Woodsetts ward is 107.2. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in a Rotherham ward is 94.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source

Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID

Data updated annually.

Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Overweight and obesity in children (Reception)

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

2019/20-2021/22

Time period

3 Years

Time period Range

Key findings

In Anston & Woodsetts ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Reception (aged 4-5 years) classified as overweight or obese is 25%. This is worse than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 10%. This is similar to the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 4-5 years classified as overweight or obese is 25.1% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 11.4%.

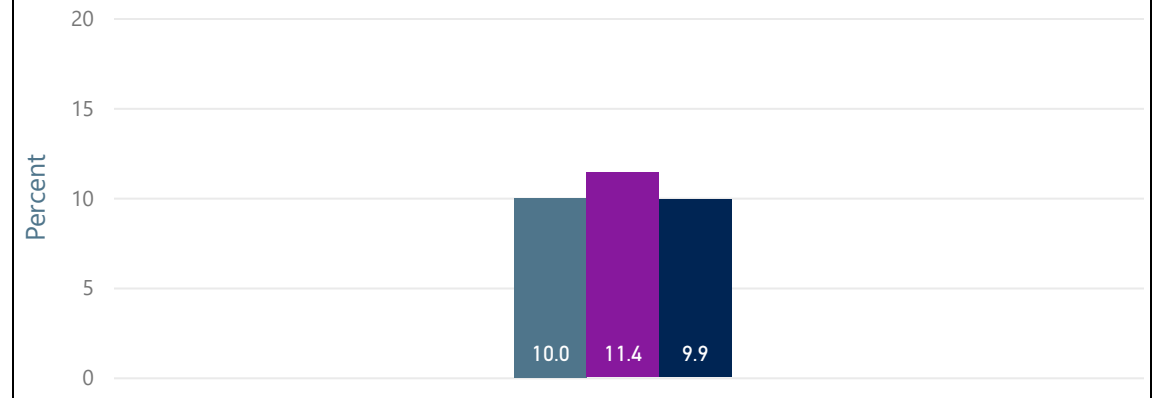
Data source

[Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID](#)

Data updated annually.

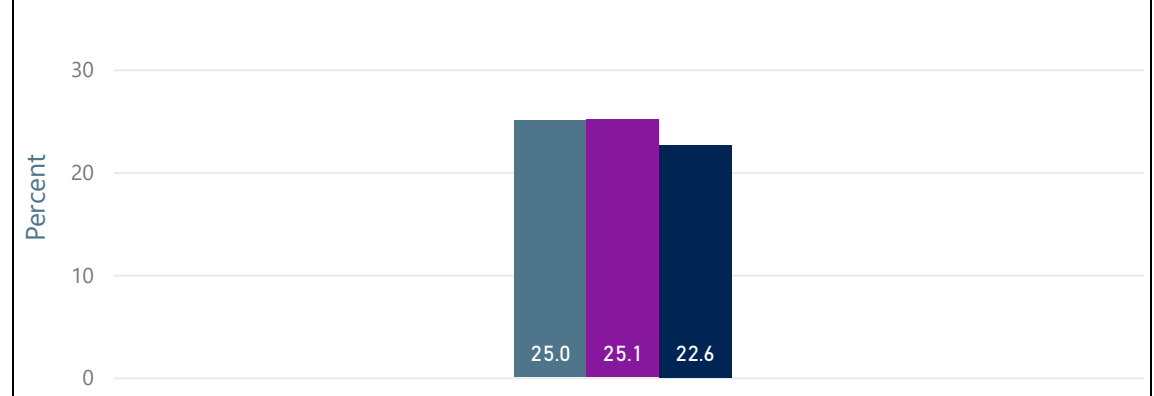
Percentage of obese children (including severe obesity) Reception (aged 4-5 years)

● Ward ● Rotherham ● England



Percentage of overweight children (including obese) Reception (aged 4-5 years)

● Ward ● Rotherham ● England



Overweight and obesity in children (Year 6)

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

2019/20-2021/22

Time period

3 Years

Time period Range

Key findings

In Anston & Woodsetts ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Year 6 (aged 10-11 years) classified as overweight or obese is 35.2%. This is better than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 21.1%. This is better than the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 10-11 years classified as overweight or obese is 38.8% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 25.1%.

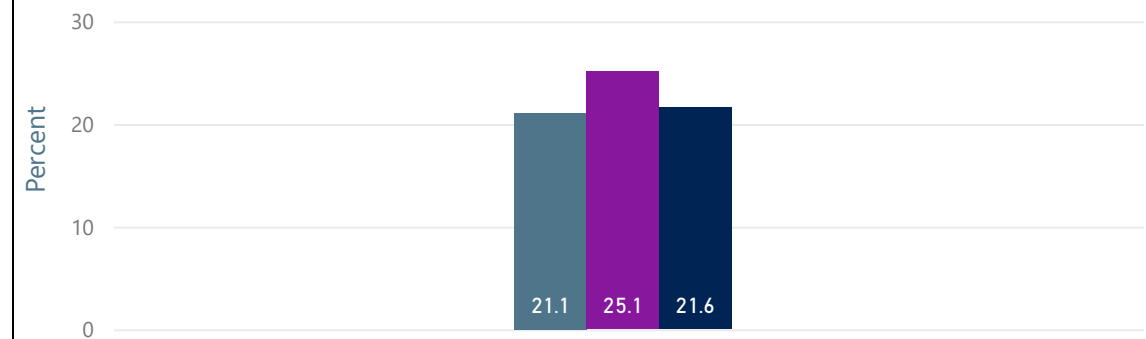
Data source

[Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID](#)

Data updated annually.

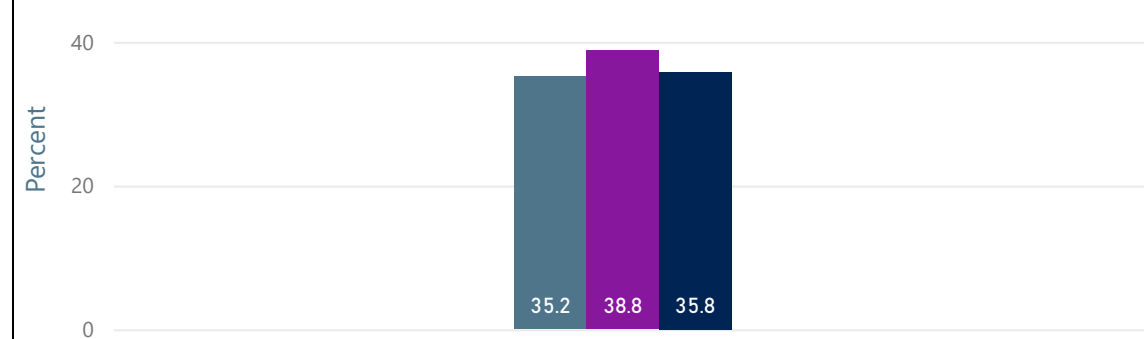
Percentage of obese children (including severe obesity) Year 6 (aged 10-11 years)

● Ward ● Rotherham ● England



Percentage of overweight children (including obese) Year 6 (aged 10-11 years)

● Ward ● Rotherham ● England



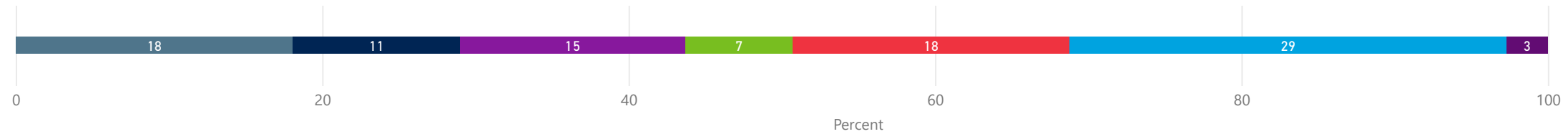
Highest level of education

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



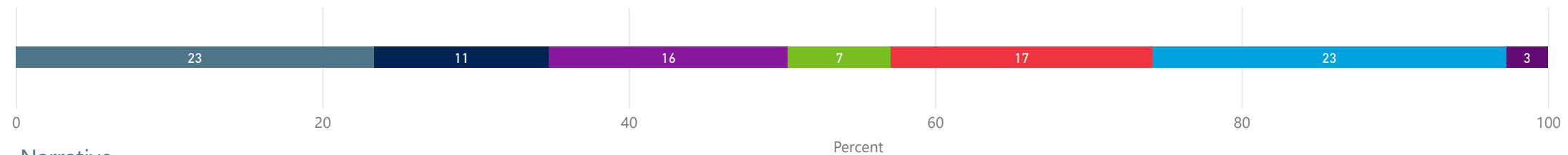
Ward highest level of qualification as a percentage of the ward population

● No qualifications ● Level 1 and entry level ● Level 2 ● Apprenticeship ● Level 3 ● Level 4 or above ● Other



Rotherham highest level of qualification as a percentage of the ward population

● No qualifications ● Level 1 and entry level ● Level 2 ● Apprenticeship ● Level 3 ● Level 4 or above ● Other



Narrative

According to Census 2021, in Anston & Woodsetts ward 18.1% of residents aged 16 or over have no qualifications, and 28.5% are qualified to level 4 or above. In comparison 23.4% in Rotherham have no qualifications and 23.1% are qualified to level 4 or above.

No qualifications - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



Level 4 qualification or above - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



Data source

[TS067 - Highest level of education - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour](#)

[Market Statistics \(nomisweb.co.uk\)](#)

Data updated every 10 years.

Primary School - Key Stage 2 Attainment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



In England, Key Stage 2 (KS2) is the term used to refer to the second stage of a child's primary education. It includes the class years 3, 4, 5 and 6. Children are typically aged between 7 and 11 years old in KS2.

At the end of KS2 (Y6) children are assessed in Reading, Writing, Grammar Punctuation and Spelling, Maths and Science with a combination of tests and teacher assessments. To be regarded as 'Secondary Ready' children need to achieve the following:

- Achieve at least the expected standard in the Reading test
- Be deemed to have achieved at least the expected standard in Writing by teacher assessment
- Achieve at least the expected standard in the maths test.

This measure is referred to as reaching at least the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths,

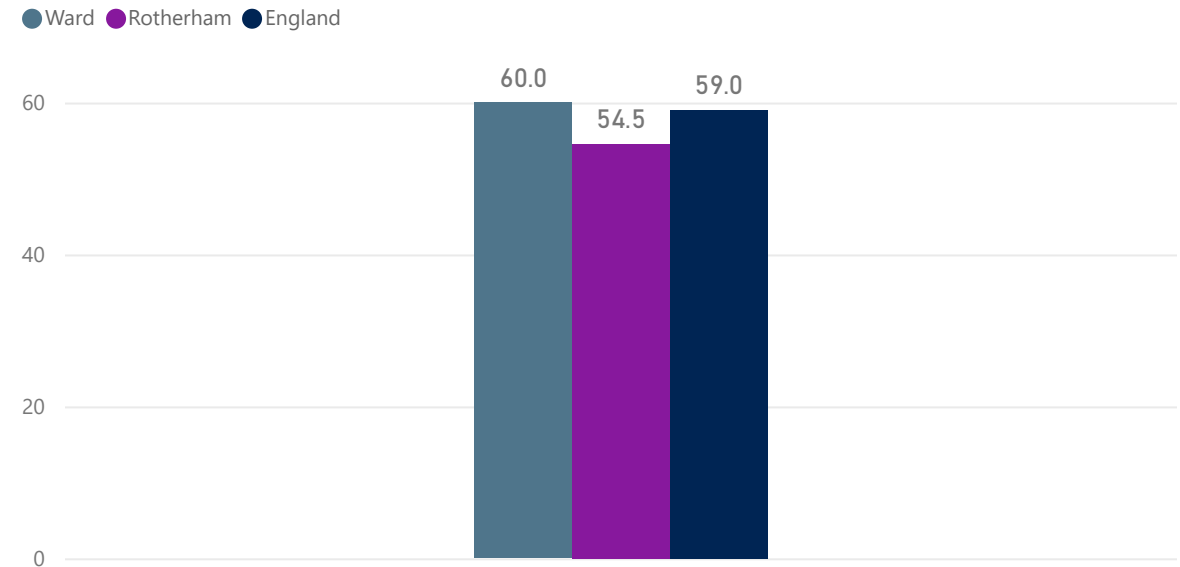
Key findings

For Anston & Woodsetts ward in 2023, there was a total of 105 pupils at the end of key stage 2, of which 11.4% were disadvantaged compared to 54.5% for Rotherham overall. The percentage of pupils in the ward achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths was 60%, compared to 54.5% in Rotherham and 59% nationally.

Data source

RMBC Children & Young People's Services
Data updated annually.

Percentage of children achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing & Maths (2023)



Ward 2022

62.10
% achieving Expected Standard in RWM
16.13
% of disadvantaged pupils 2022
124
No. of pupils 2022

Ward 2023

60.00
% achieving Expected Standard in RWM
11.43
% of disadvantaged pupils 2023
105
No. of pupils 2023

Secondary School - Key Stage 4 Attainment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



During Key Stage 4 (KS4) most pupils work towards national qualifications - usually GCSEs. The compulsory national curriculum subjects are the 'core' (English, maths and science) and 'foundation' (computing, physical education and citizenship) subjects.

Schools must also offer at least one subject from each of these areas: arts, design & technology, humanities and modern foreign languages.

Attainment 8 is a way of measuring how well pupils do in KS4 across a selection of 8 subjects including English and maths, plus:

- 3 subjects from qualifications that count towards the English Baccalaureate such as sciences, language and history
- 3 further GCSE qualifications or technical awards from a list approved from the Department for Education.

Each grade a pupil gets is assigned a points score from 9 (the highest) to 1 (the lowest). Each pupil's Attainment 8 score is calculated by adding up the points from their 8 subjects, with English and maths counted twice and are rounded to 1 decimal place.

Local Secondary School/s

Dinnington High School (Academy) and Wales High School (Academy)

Key findings

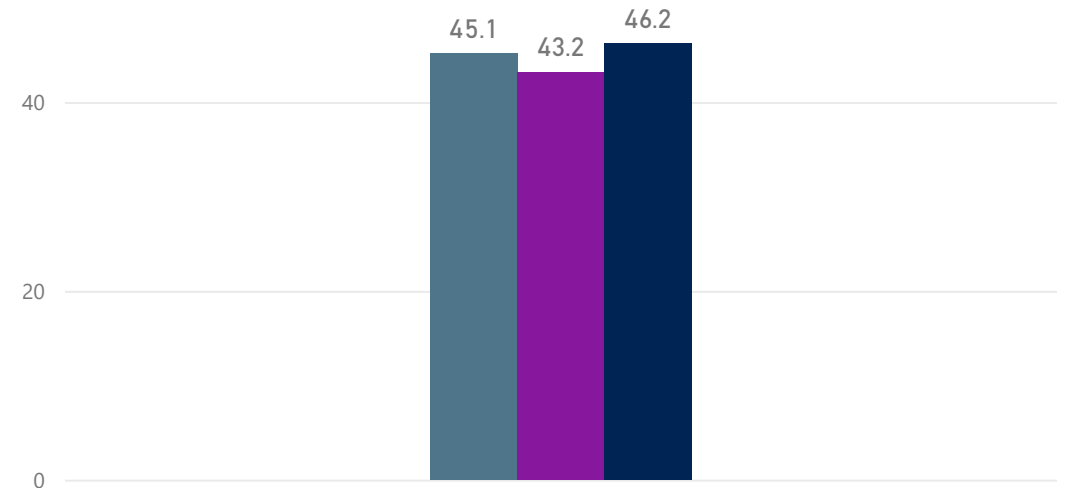
For Anston & Woodsetts ward in 2023, there was a total of 99 pupils at the end of key stage 4, of which 15.2% of pupils were disadvantaged, compared to 53.4% in Rotherham overall. The average Attainment 8 score for the ward was 45.1, compared to 43.2 in Rotherham and 46.2 nationally.

Data source

RMBC Children & Young People's Services
Data updated annually.

Average Attainment 8 score (2023)

● Ward score ● Rotherham score ● England score



Ward 2022

52.67
Ward Average Attainment 8 score 2022

13.21
% of disadvantaged pupils 2022

106
No. of pupils 2022

Ward 2023

45.13
Ward Average Attainment 8 Score 2023

15.15
% of disadvantaged pupils 2023

99
No. of pupils 2023

Index of Deprivation

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The **Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)** is a Government index measuring deprivation at a local area level for all areas in England. It provides an understanding of relative deprivation across three different dimensions:

- Overall deprivation
- Deprivation affecting children, and;
- Deprivation affecting older people.

The most recent (2019) index uses 37 indicators across 7 deprivation domains (themes) with a 2013/14 baseline. These domains are:

- Income
- Employment
- Education, Skills & Training
- Health & Disability
- Crime
- Barriers to Housing and Services and;
- Living Environment.

IMD ranks small areas from most deprived to least deprived and divides them into 10 equal groups (deciles). Decile 1 represents the most deprived 10% and decile 10 represents the least deprived 10% in England.

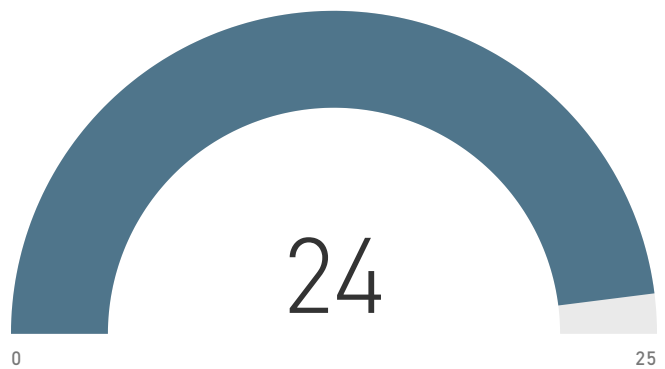
The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

Narrative

Anston & Woodsetts ward has a rank of 24 out of 25 wards in Rotherham and is in Decile 6. Of the 25 wards in Rotherham, 5 are in the top 20% most deprived in the country (deciles 1 and 2). The top 3 most deprived wards in Rotherham are Rotherham East, Dalton & Thrybergh and Maltby East.

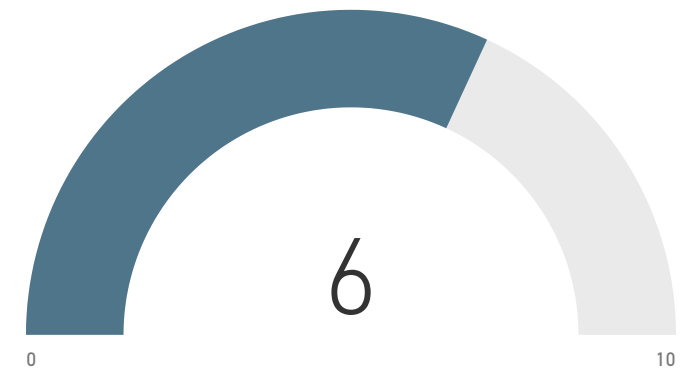
Ward overall deprivation rank out of 25

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



Ward deprivation decile score out of 10

Where 1 is 10% most deprived nationally



Data source

[Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government](#)
Data updated every 4 to 5 years.

Index of Deprivation Decile at LSOA

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Average IMD Super Output Area rank and score

The IMD is not published for wards, but the average SOA score in Anston & Woodsetts in 2019 was 17 (15 in 2015), well below the Rotherham average score of 29 (28 in 2015), with an SOA equivalent rank of 20,112 (61st percentile).

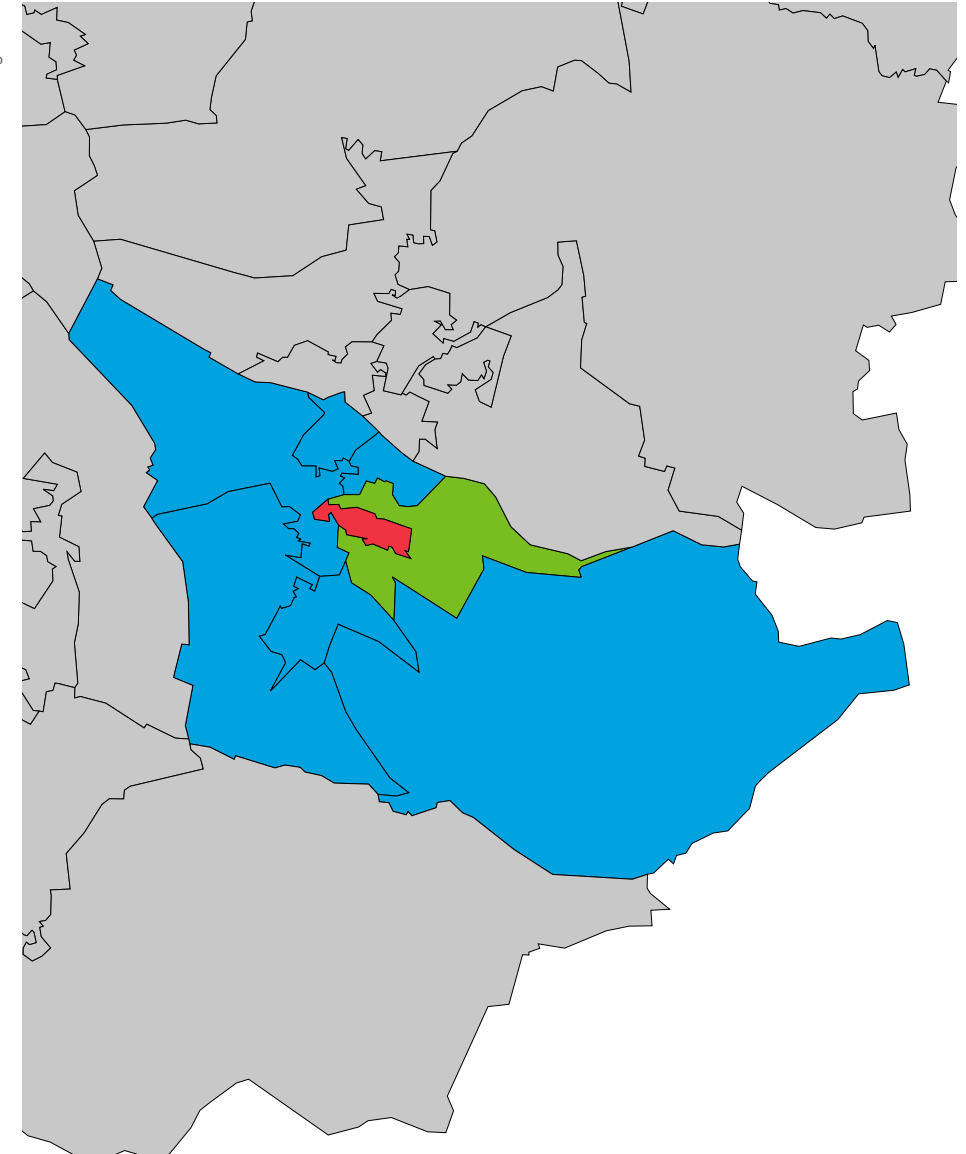
Deprivation in the ward

Deprivation in Anston & Woodsetts ward is well below the borough average and in most of the ward is also well below the national average. There is one neighbourhood (North Anston Central) which is within the most deprived 10% in England.

LSOA code (2011)	LSOA Local Name	IMD Score 2019	IMD Score 2015	IMD Rank 2019	IMD Rank 2015	IMD Decile 2019	IMD Decile 2015
E01007662	North Anston Central	56.20	45.77	1329	3017	1	1
E01007660	North Anston East	14.61	13.18	19335	20478	6	7
E01007658	North Anston West	12.67	12.79	21409	20920	7	7
E01007664	Woodsetts	9.33	12.45	25347	21287	8	7
E01007657	Anston Greenlands	11.46	11.19	22786	22783	7	7
E01007659	Anston Park	11.85	11.06	22343	22949	7	7
E01007661	South Anston West	11.98	9.49	22192	24831	7	8
E01007663	South Anston East	8.71	5.79	26156	29415	8	9

Deprivation rank

- Average deprived 40-60%
- Least deprived 60-100%
- Most deprived 10%



Income deprivation - children & older people

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The **Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)** combines information from the seven domains to produce an overall relative measure of deprivation. In addition to the overall deprivation measure, there are two supplementary measures:

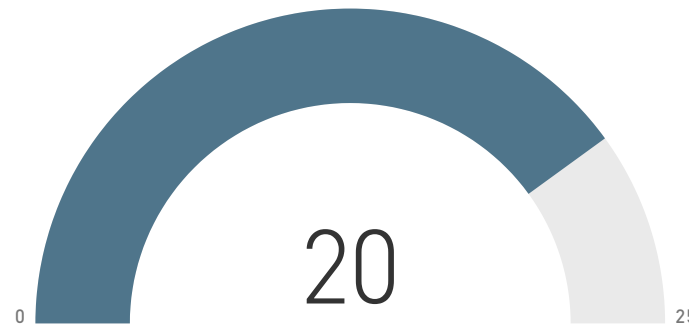
- The **Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI)** which measures the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families
- The **Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI)** which measures the proportion of all those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation.

Both of these measures are absolute measures, based on the proportion of income deprived households in that area.

The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

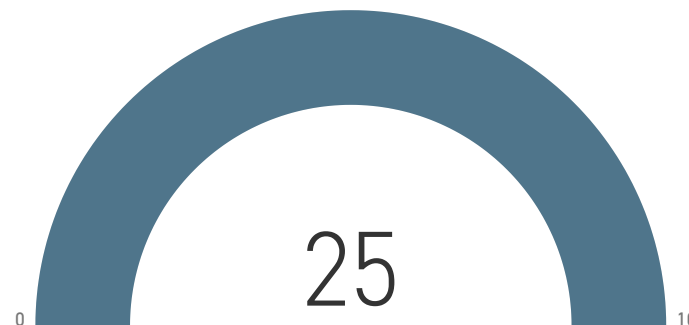
Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Children (IDACI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Older People (IDAOPI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



Narrative

In Anston & Woodsetts ward, the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families is 12.6% and the proportion of those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation is 8.3%. The ward with the highest proportion of children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families is Dalton & Thrybergh ward at 39.1%. The ward with the highest proportion of those aged 60 and over who experience income deprivation is Rotherham East ward at 36.9%.

Age group	No. of income deprived in ward	Ward % income deprived	2019 Roth average percent
Children 0-15	225	12.63	21.67
All people	1015	9.28	16.80
Older people 60+	300	8.30	16.30
Working age 16-59	490	8.83	15.35

Data source

[Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government](#)

Data updated every 4 to 5 years.

Community assets map

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Anston & Woodsetts Ward

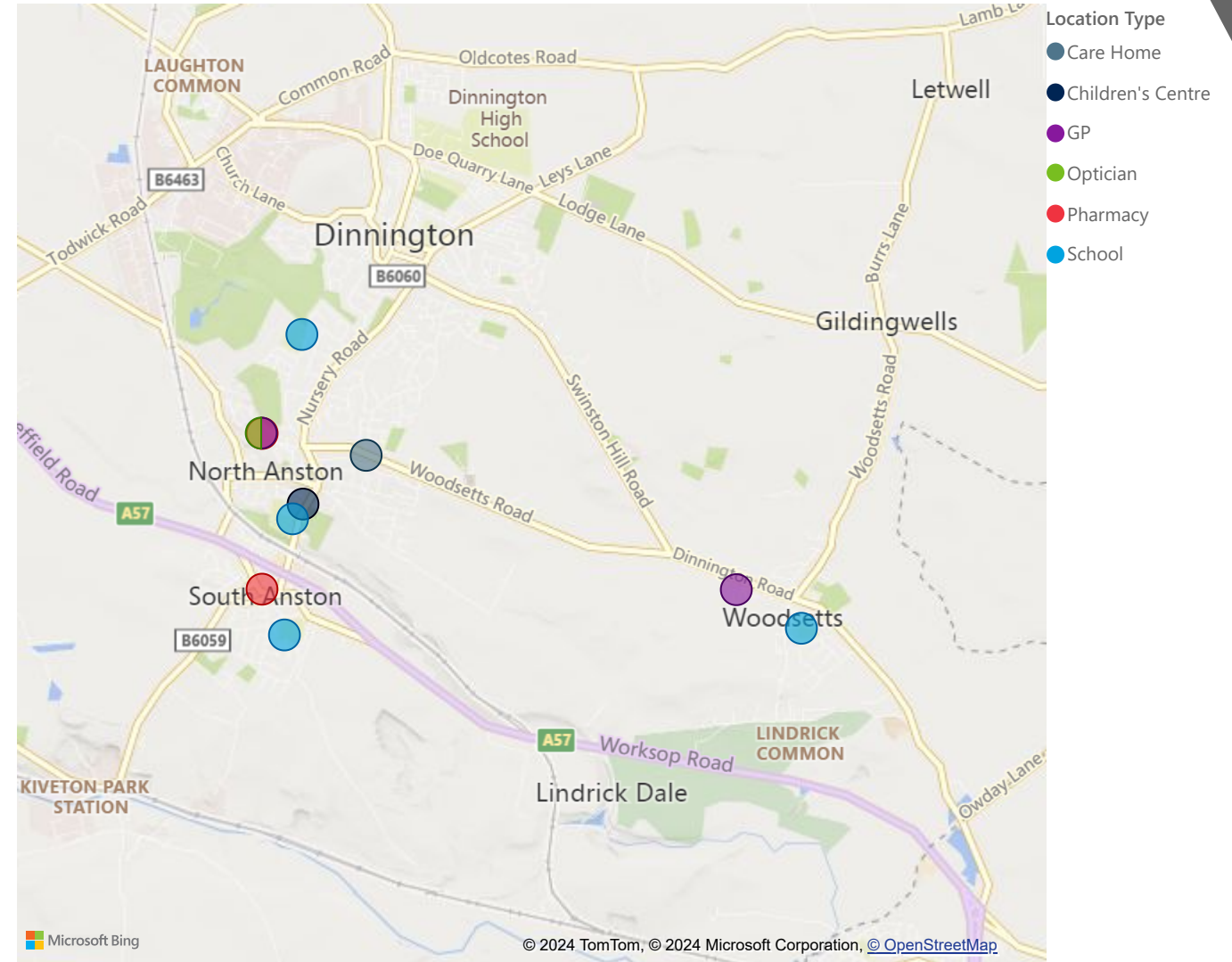
Selected ward

Location Type	Total Assets in Ward
Care Home	1
Children's Centre	1
GP	2
Optician	1
Pharmacy	2
School	4
Total	11

Location type (select a location type to filter on the map)

- Care Home
- Children's Centre
- GP
- Optician
- Pharmacy
- School

Location of community assets within ward



Access to green space

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

Ward location



Number of people in the ward
not within a 10 minute walk of
green space

641

Square metres of green space in
the ward per person

12.61

Does the ward meet the Green Space Index
minimum standard of green space per
individual?

No

The availability of open green spaces within a close walking distance is critical since it supports physical activity and encourages us to engage in regular exercise.

The source of the data contained within this section is the Green Space Index 2023, which is commissioned by The Ordnance Survey and undertaken by Fields in Trust on their behalf.

For more information, please visit www.fieldsintrust.org/green-space-index

Levels of crime in the ward

Levels of recorded crime and anti-social behavior in Anston & Woodsetts ward are lower than the Rotherham average.

Recorded crime

In Anston & Woodsetts ward in 2021 there were a total of 673 recorded crimes. This equates to 56 recorded crimes per 1,000 population compared to 110 per 1,000 population for Rotherham.

Ward name	Total Crimes 2021	Total crimes 2022	Total crimes 2023
Anston & Woodsetts Ward	673	616	591
Total	673	616	591

ASB narrative

In Anston & Woodsetts ward in 2021, there were a total of 149 recorded incidents of anti-social behaviour. This equates to 12 recorded incidents per 1,000 population, compared to 19 per 1,000 population for Rotherham.

Ward name	Total ASB 2021	Total ASB 2022	Total ASB 2023
Anston & Woodsetts Ward	149	115	97
Total	149	115	97

Data sources

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Data sources contained within this document include:

Population - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Ethnicity - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Religion - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Housing - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Households - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Unemployment claimants aged 16-64 - ONS Claimant Count via NOMIS

Types of employment - Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS

General Health - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Disability - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Life expectancy at birth - Public Health England Fingertips

Causes of death - Public Health England Fingertips

Overweight and obesity in children - Public Health England Fingertips

Highest level of education - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Key Stage 2 and Key Stage 4 attainment - RMBC Children & Young People's Services

Index of Multiple Deprivation - [Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government](#)

Community assets map - OpenStreetMap via TomTom/Microsoft Corporation

Access to green space - Green Space Index 2023 commissioned by The Ordnance Survey and undertaken by The Fields in Trust

Crime data - www.police.uk